

Length

Learning Objective:

- Use standard metric units to measure the length of different objects.
- Add and subtract measures of length in same unit.

Let's Talk Math: Explain that certain number of smaller units make up one bigger unit.

Make Sure You Have:

- Ruler

Activity: Measure & Compare

Duration: 1 Lesson

Whole Class Activity

Let's Try It:

- Give pupils 30 seconds to find an object that is not too bulky (e.g., books, pencils, erasers, etc.) to measure.
- Once selected, form groups of three and have them assist each other in measuring the objects' height (top to bottom) and width (side to side).
- Measurements should be in centimetres, rounded to whole numbers.
- For oddly shaped objects, encourage collaboration to determine the best way to measure.
- Each group will list their objects and measurements on A4 sheets, ensuring they note the units (cm).

Assessment: Ask pupils to solve the following individually and include units in their answers.

- $55 \text{ km} - 34 \text{ km}$
- $7292 \text{ mm} + 381 \text{ mm}$
- $291 \text{ cm} + 201 \text{ cm}$
- $3291 \text{ mm} - 728 \text{ mm}$
- $6820 \text{ km} - 83 \text{ km}$
- $2700 \text{ km} - 829 \text{ km}$

Mass

Learning Objective:

- Use standard metric units to measure the mass of different objects.
- Convert larger to smaller metric units (2-digit numbers with one decimal place).
 - Kilograms into grams
 - Grams into milligrams
- Add and subtract measures of mass in same units.

Let's Talk Math:

- Explain that certain number of smaller units make up one bigger unit.
- The system of measurement based on multiples of 10 is called the metric system.

Activity: Book Weight Challenge

Duration: 1 Lesson

Whole Class Activity

The weight of individual books is given below.		
Book 1: 8.23 kg	Book 2: 7.95 kg	Book 3: 5.58 kg
Book 4: 2.41 kg	Book 5: 6.47 kg	Book 6: 9.36 kg
Task 1: Which set of 3 books do I put on each shelf?		
Shelf A: _____ kg + _____ kg + _____ kg = 20 kg		
Shelf B: _____ kg + _____ kg + _____ kg = 20 kg		
Task 2: Convert mass of each book into grams.		
Book 1: 8.23 kg = _____ g		
Book 2: 7.95 kg = _____ g		
Book 3: 5.58 kg = _____ g		
Book 4: 2.41 kg = _____ g		
Book 5: 6.47 kg = _____ g		
Book 6: 9.36 kg = _____ g		

Let's Try It:

- Create a real-life scenario involving mass.
- For example, tell pupils that you want to arrange some books on your shelf.
- There are only two shelves, capable of holding a total of three books.
- The total weight of the books on each shelf should not be more than 20 kg.

Assessment:

Ask pupils to solve some sums individually, and include units in their answers

- 892 kg – 63 kg
- 1091 mg + 937 mg
- 8025 kg – 112 kg

Capacity

Learning Objective: Solve real-life situations involving conversion, addition and subtraction of measures of length, mass and capacity.

Let's Talk Math:

Make Sure You Have:

- Buckets
- Jugs and containers

Activity: Fun with Water

Duration: 1 Lesson

Group Activity

Let's Try It:

- Take the pupils to the play area.
- Arrange 4 buckets or containers with a 4-litre capacity and small jugs or containers with capacities of 100 ml, 200 ml, 300 ml, and 500 ml.
- Fill two buckets with water.
- Divide the pupils into four groups.
- Group 1: Use a 500 ml jug to fill one bucket with water.
- Group 2: Choose any small container to fill the other bucket.
- Instruct them to count how many times they use their container to fill the bucket.
- Ask both groups how many jugs or containers they used to fill their bucket.
- Repeat the activity with the remaining two groups.
- Compare the results of each group's measurements.

Assessment:

Ask pupils to solve the following individually and include units in their answers.

- $505 \text{ l} - 234 \text{ l}$
- $729 \text{ ml} + 108 \text{ ml}$
- $913 \text{ ml} + 341 \text{ ml}$
- $22 \text{ l} - 438 \text{ l}$
- $820 \text{ ml} + 2921 \text{ ml}$
- $2032 \text{ l} - 99 \text{ l}$

Time

Learning Objective:

- Read and write the time using digital and analogue clocks on 12-hour and 24-hour format.
- Convert hours to minutes and minutes to seconds.
- Convert years to months, months to days, and weeks to days.
- Add and subtract measures of time without carrying and borrowing.

Let's talk math: Time is a very important factor, and we find it inevitable in our daily life, for example, travelling, working and other activities involve time.

Make Sure You Have: Analogue Clock

Activity: Time Magic

Duration: 1 Lesson

Whole Class Activity

Let's Try It:

- For this activity, set a time on an analogue clock. Ask pupils what time it shows.
- Once they give you the answer, ask them what time it would be after two hours.
- Then point at another number on the clock and ask what time it would be after four hours.
- Tell them that calculating a later time is the same as addition.
- Continue pointing at different time on clock and adding few hours to it.
- Similarly, explain that just like addition, where they counted forward on the clock, to subtract they just need to count backwards on the clock for subtraction.
- Ask pupils to prepare few questions based on addition and subtraction for their partner to solve.
 - For example, 4 o'clock + 3 hours, 6 o'clock + 6 hours, 9 o'clock – 3 hours, 8 o'clock – 6 hours.

Assessment: Ask pupils, in groups, to create maps. Each group may pick a room, or a building, and draw a map to scale.